MITCHELL RIDDLES CITIZENS' ALLIANCE

President of Miners' Tells His Followers to Remain Firm.

FEELS CONFIDENT OF WINNING GREAT STRIKE

Says Alleged Organization of Citizens Is for Purpose of Breaking Down Miners' Union-Makes Charges Against the Operators.

Naticoke, Pa., July 9 .- In an address to day before the 400 delegates of District No. 1 in convention, President Mitchell of the Mine Workers Union, said he had never participated in a strike in which he was so confident of success. This statement by the miners' chief was greeted with great applause. The national president severely criticised the citizens alliance organizations, which have been formed in Scranton and Wilkesbarre for the purpose of prosecuting persons who boycott or otherwise intimidate men still working in the mines, or their relatives. President Mitchell was enthusiastically received. Mr. Mitchell's address in part is as follows:

"It may not be amiss for me to mak a few comments upon the situation as it presents itself to me; and also to point operators have organized a press bureau and are constantly sending out through it what purport to be interviews with and statements from them; while, as a matter of fact there is not a coal operator in the entire region who will stand responsible for any of the statements.

The Citizens' Alliance.

other adjunct under the name of the Citizens Alliance. I am sure I do not know how many citizens are members of this mysterious organization, as so far only one has had the manhood or the affrontery to acknowledge his membership. I, of course, hesitate to criticise men for doing anything they have a legal right to do; but when an organization of the citizens of any community is formed, the alleged purpose of which is the maintenance of law and order, and when it develops that the entire energies of the organization are being directed against the coal strikers, it arouses a suspicion, to say the least, in my mind that the name of the association is a misnomer and the also-called citizens have joined forces with the coal operators in a damnable attempt to crush the miner's union. Is it not rather strange that this organization was not formed at any time during the 25 years in which the anthracite coal com panies were blacklisting, boycotting and driving from their homes and families all men who dared to assert their rights and join a labor organization?

Never Proceeded Against Trust. Again, did any one hear of the Citizens'

when it threatened to close the mines of the independent operators by refusing to give them railway cars, simply because some independent operators had granted an eight-hour day to their firemen in the strike of a year ago? Moreever, did this great Ctizzens' Alliance attempt to pre-vent the illegal efforts that the coal corvent the illegal efforts that the coal cor-porations are making to cause the defeat of every candidate for membership in the legislature of the state of Pennsyl-vania who advocated or favored labor measures in the last session?

"If men have a right to belong to an organization, and if the organization is formed for good purposes, why do not its members come out in the sunlight like men and acknowledge to be proud of their membership in it? Moreover, and their membership in it? Moreover, gen-tlemen, let me say that we know more about the personnel of the Citizens' Alli-ance than its members think we do, and when this strike is over some of them who are now playing fast and loose with the cause of the mine workers will find it extremely difficult to account for their

Stands for Law and Order.

"Personally, I stand, always and under all circumstances, for law and order. Our organization advocates full and complete observance of the laws of our country, and I want to declare emphatically that law-abiding citizens, as patriotic, rty-loving citizens, the members of miners' union are second to none: and while there may be some among us who have transgressed the law, let me say emphatically that the proportion of lawbreakers in the ranks of the miners is no greater than in the ranks of business, professional or any other element in our

"And now, gentlemen, permit me to warn you and the mine workers of the anthracite region that no attention whatthat are being sent out that the strike is about to collapse, or that men want to resume work. These same predictions, emanating from exactly the same source have been made through the columns of the press each day during the past month, and yet every mine is idle, and let me say that every mine will remain idle until the strike is settled.

"In all my experience in the labor "In all my experience in the labor movement I have never participated in a trike in which I felt so confident of success. If our membership will stand as I know they will, we shall in the not far distant future achieve a victory and settle for all time the right of the coal miners to receive for honest labor and unremitting toll at least a sufficient wage to enable them to live, maintain and ed-noate their families and enjoy a few

pleasures of our civilization. Virginia Strike About Over.

Roanoke, Va., July 9.—Those interested in the coal fields claim that the strike is virtually a thing of the past. Five hundred and forty cars of coal were loaded yesterday. Seven carloads of mmers from East Virginia and North Carolina arrived in the fields vesterday and immediated. rived in the fields yesterday and immediately went to work, many of them being old miners returning. The labor leaders assert on the other hand that the

ers assert on the other hand that the critical stage has not arrived yet. It has been stated that if the demands of the strikers are not acceded to by the 17th inst. other labor unions will very likely take hold of the matter.

COMMITTEE OPPOSES PRIMARY

IRELAND EXPLAINS

VIRTUE OF TRUTH

Archbishop Delivers Forceful

Address to Educators.

LIES CAUSE CALAMITIES

On Spanish-American War and

Quotes Instructions Sent

to Correspondents.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 9 .- Archbishop

eral sessional of the Educational Associa-

Wire All That Makes War.

ing from America a solemn act;

dation in fact is found.

Statements Were Untrue.

ment, made them attend strictly to secu

lar matters. The newspapers which admitted into their columns such statements have since repudiated them, but meanwhile much needless excitement was raised and much harm done.

"If I were to choose outside the class-room for the general welfare of human-

room for the general welfare of human-ity I should have devotion to truth pre-vall. I should name the newspaper. The

newspaper is today pre-eminently the inentor of the people. It is read by all, it is believed by nearly all. Journalism that is honest and honorable is one of

the nation's most precious inheritances; that which places notoriety and pelf above truth and virtue and adopts for its

tactics the stunning sensation rai than the calm statement of facts, is of the nation's direct calamities."

MINNEAPOLIS MEETING.

Minneapolis, July 9.—Highwater mark in the attendance at the National Edu-

cational Association convention has probably been reached, a conservative estimate placing the number of visitors in the city today as considerably over 20,-

000. The meetings were all well attended today and when it is stated that there were fifteen of them, it will readily be

seen that the crowd is an enormous one. Nearly every department of the asso-ciation has held a meeting and the real

work of the convention proper is it full blast. Tomorrow there will be thir

teen meetings and on Friday when the convention closes there will be twelve. The movement for the election of President Charles Elliot, of Harvard, as president of the association has attained such headway that he is likely to be

named without opposition.

The question of place of meeting will not be so easily settled. While Boston

seems to be the favorite, the actual se lection will be left as usual to the exe

cutive committee. It has been the custom

to give the presidency and the convention to the same city and this fact may op-erate against the Boston candidacy if Dr. Eliot is chosen.

President Beardshear was reported

much better today, but his physicians will not permit him to preside at any of the sessions.

Merida, Yucatan, July 9 .- Governor

Molina of this state announces that the

war against the Maya Indians is prac-

tically over, and the National Guard will

OVER 20,000 ATTEND

schools of Manila.

He said in part:

ent read thus:

Prominent Politicians Flock to Montgomery from Every Part of the State and a Great Majority STATES REPRESENTED STATES REPRESENTED
Tuscaloosa, July 9.—(Special.)—
State Goolegist Dr. Eugene A.
Smith received a notice from the
Secretary of State a few days ago
stating that he had received a request from Hon. William Jennings
Bryan for a slab of Alabama marble to be used as a tiling for a
mantelpiece he was having built.
Each state that he carried in the
last election is to be represented
by a tile. The clab selected was
taken from the University museum and crigipally came from
Bloant courty. It is now in the
hands of Thomas H. Wildman, being prepared 'inder the direction
of Dr. Smith. The stone, which is
six inches square and three inches
thick, is a clear white onyx, and
will be beautiful when completed. Seem to Be in Favor of Primary---State Committee Against the Hardest Proposition Ever Faced in Alabama---Scent of Mint Julep and Apollinairs Lemonades in the Air.

no one knows whether a primary or convention will be held to nominate the va-

The situation in a nutshell is that the mary side.

Many of the black belt counties, such

The committee meets tomorrow to discuss the situation and see what is best to be done. Opinion here is that the popular demand for a primary is so strong that the committee will acquiesce and order one. In fact the chances for a primary have improved during the night. The committee to use some expressive but intelligent slang, is up against the

ure from established precedent. Some of the committeemen do not think they have the power to order a primary and if one is ordered there is all the ma chinery to be provided for holding the election and ascertaining the result.

been made by a convention and the com-

mittee hesitates to make a radical depart-

Says Newspapers Did Much to Bring John Ireland tonight addressed the gen-

ONTGOMERY, July 9 .- (Special) and candidates public sentiment here is I favor it doing so if the people want it." On the eve of the assembling of overwhelmingly in fa or a primary. the State Democratic Committee | Its advocates have come to town and are the ones making an active fight. The few convention advocates here are not agrious State and county officers to be elected in November.

gressive, and this is having its effect on the committee, several of whom during the evening have come over to the pri-

The situation in a nutshell is that the judgment of a majority of the committee is opposed to a primary and if one is ordered it will be only in deference to the ordered it will be only in deference to the discontinuous and the state of the primary although the convention plan where representation is based on population would seem to be to their advantage; much more so, at least, than a Democrat-ic primary which would give the white counties a larger voice in the nomina-

Senatorial Situation Changes. The Senatorial situation enters some-what into the question. Senator Pettus' term expires next March and his succesor will have to be chosen at the next but intelligent siang, is up against the toughest proposition that has confronted any committee in the history of the State.

Ever since the war nominations have ably others.

ably others.

The following statement, made tonight by Committeemen Bibb Graves and T. M. Stevens, will show in brief the arguments for and against a primary:
Mr. Bibb of Montgomery said: "I favor a state primary because I think practically all of the Democrats of the second district want over and because I. ond district want one, and because I think it the most fair and most just way

the city, but will not be interviewed. This afternoon he went to the office of former Congressman Jesse Stallings, where about forty gentlemen who Yavor a primary called during the afternoon. Among them were ex-Governor William C. Oates of Montgomery, George P. Harrison of Lee and R. P. Wetmore of Jeffer-

Lowe Makes Statement.

Late tonight Chairman Robert J. Lowe made the following statement: "I find more of the committee present this sarly than at any previous meeting. They all seem in good humor, and in a judicial frame of mind. Neither a majority nor a large minority of the committee have agreed on any plan as yet. The matter will be carefully considered by them, and

ed tonight what the committee would do tomorrow said: "I do not know. I have advised individual members of the committee with whom I have conversed, that in my opinion the Democrats of that in my opinion the Democrats of the state want a primary and are en-titled to it. I have recommended that the primary plan be prepared on the order of that followed in South Caro-lina providing that a majority of the voters shall nominate. The suggestion makes two primaries possible. I believe the committee will make such an or-der."

Tonight in Montgomery politics and the weather are red hot. Nearly every prominent politician in the state is here and there is an unwonted bustle and activity in the hotel lobbies. The bars All Sorts of Plans.

All sorts of plans are being advocated. Some want a straight-out primary of the South Carolina pattern, some want county primaries and a resultant convention of the Georgia type, and others wish to stick to the old custom of conventions. Argument for and against primary is the sole topic of conversation tonight, and it

BY FRANK HARVEY MILLER. | is a fact that outside of the committee | proper authority to order a primary, and

they will do whatever they think is to the interest of the party." Governor William D. Jelks when ask-

NEW TURN TAKEN IN BUT WILL LISTEN TO PEOPLE GAYNOR-GREEN CASE

PURSUIT OF TRACEY

Seattle, Wash., July 9.-The pursuit of the outlaw, Harry Tracey, appears to be temporarily suspended. Sheriff Cudihee has called in the guards from the southern subthe guards from the southern suburbs, leaving only a sufficient number for careful patrol. It is belleved that Cudlhee expects the
convict, if he appears at all, to
show up in another part of the
country. The posse that started
from Renton with bloodhounds this
morning returned in the afternoon
after a fruitless search.

The posse has scoured the coun-

The posse has scoured the country between Renton and Black River Junction. Guards have been stationed at every road in this sec-tion. It is believed Tracey will soon make his appearance at some house and demand food, as he is known to be without supplies. The rumor that Merrill has joined his murderous comrade cannot be sub-stantiated.

Phase, U. S. REPRESENTATIVES CAN DO NOTHING IN CANADA

Great Legal Contest Will Now

Take on a Diplomatic

Influence of Counsel for Defendants Too Great to Extradite Prisoners and State Department Takes

the Matter Up.

CHICAGO STRIKE THING OF PAST

Freight Handlers Accept Scale Offered Them July 1.

RECOGNITION MAIN ISSUE

On That Question Railroads Won Complete Victory and Absolutely Refused to Deal With Officers of the Union.

Chicago, July 9.-The strike of the freight handlers is virtually settled. Meetings of the strikers will be held tomorrow to ratify the action taken tonight, according to President Curran of the order, but as he stated tonight after a conference w... the general managers of the railroads that he had agreed to their terms because the majority of his men were "going back on him" and there is little doubt that the terms will be accepted by the mass meeting of the strik-

By the terms of the settlement the strikers accept ...e schedule of wages offered them by The railroads July 1. This schedule was emphatically refused by the strikers at the time it was made. It offered an average increase of 20 per cent for all classes of labor connected with the Freight Handlers' Union. The demands of the men would have made an average

increase of about 30 per cent. Would Not Recognize Union. The railroads at that time offering the circumstances would they recognize the union of the freight handlers to the extent of allowing the officers of the orwith the officers of the railroads. This was one of the chief reasons for the strike, the men insisting that the union should be fully recognized. The railroads have won a complete victory on this point. The attitude of the roads toward the Freight Handlers' Union is the same as that maintsined toward all local organizations of railroad men. The freight handlers demanded something that no other organization of railroad

men ir. Chicago did, and the managers announced that under no circumstances would they agree to this.

The settlement of the strike came unexpectedly. The meetings during the day of the various committees with the gen-eral managers of the the railroads did not produce much result, neither side making concessions When the commit-tees had reported back to the executive eration used every means to induce the strikers to accept the terms offered them, but without avail.

Meeting Was Acrimonious.

The meeting was at times acrimin-ous and there was a sharp exchange of words between President Bowman of the Federation of Labor and President Cur-ran of the freight handlers in which the ormer was accused of "playing poli-ics" at the expense of the freight hand-

The proposition finally was made that the matter of an agreement with the railroads should be left with President Curran and Bowman with full power to act. A meeting was then arranged with a committee of the general managers of the railroads and the result was that President Curran agreed to accept the President Curran agreed to accept the basis of increase offered by the railroads July 1. The action of the teamsters was a potent factor in settling the strike. They took strong issue with the freight handlers and intimated very plainly that no assistance could be expected from them, inasmuch as the freight handlers had struck against the advice of the Chicago Federation of Labor.

CABINET IS INVITED.

Roosevelt Asks Them to Visit Him at Sagamore Hill.

Oyster Bay, July 9 .- President Rooseveit has informally invited the members of his cabinet to visit him at his Sagathey will avail themselves of the opportunity to come to Oyster Bay at their own and the President's convenience. It is expected that Secretary Root will be one of the first to come, and it is not unlikely that he may arrive in a few days. The President is keeping in close touch with departmental affairs in Washington, and almost hourly during

The day was most excessively hot here. After clearing considerable routine business, the President devoted his time to out-of-door pleasure with Mrs. Roose veit and the children.

Across Ocean in Frail Craft.

New York, July 9.-The 38-foot launch Abiel Abbott Low, commanded by Cantain William C. Newman, sailed from College Point, R. I., today for Falmouth, England. Captain Newman's only companion on the trip is his son, Edward, a youth of sixteen. The launch is equipped with a 10-ho — ower kerosene oil engine and is expected mouth in about twenty days.

Washington, July 9.-The extraordinary case of Messrs. Benjamin D. Green and John F. Gaynor, whose removal from Canada to the state of Georgia for trial on charges of misappropriating and embezzlement of over two million dollars in connection with river and harbor improvements at Savannah, Ga., has been sought for some time in the United States will take on a diplomatic phase in a few days, when Secretary Hay communicates to the British government the opinion of the officials of our department of justice that the Canadian authorities are pursuing an extraordinary and unwarranted course in the case. The delays and embarrassments in the extradition proceedings resulted in Mr. Marion Erwin, special assistant to the Attorney General, who has been in active charge of the extradition proceedings for the United States, transmitting to the Attorney General under date of Montreal, July 7, a special report on the case in which he calls attention to the fact that the legal representatives of Messrs Green and Gaynor are closely connected through professional and family ties with the Canadian officials to whom this government must look for extradition of the men whose custody it seeks. Mr. Erwin in his report says that prior

to instituting the extradition proceedings he was put on notice that the fugitives had "taken refuge at Quebec for the purpose of resisting extradition and that they had employed as their counsel the firms of lawyers to which belonged the highest officials of the provincial and dominion governments."

He says that he was thus "precluded by the position taken by them from con-ferring with 'the law officers of the crown." He therefore retained two at-torneys of the Montreal and Canadian bar who have ably assisted him.

The Extradition Act The report then calls attention to this provision of the Canadian extradition

"Whenever this act applies a judge sion of a fugitive on a foreign warrant of arrest or information or complaint tent of allowing the officers of the or-ganization to make terms for the men laid before him and on such evidence or after such proceedings as in his opinion would subject the provisions of this act to justify issue of his warrant. If the crime of which the fugi ve is accused or alleged to have been convicted had been committed in Canada."

Citation is made of the extradition treaty between the United States and Great Britain, and it is shown that it provides for extradition for the offenses of embezziement, fraud, receiving stolen moneys or goods, or property, or obtaining the same under false pretenses, or for participation in these crimes, provided such participation is punishable by the laws of both countries.

Attention is then called to the fact that Mr. Even made complaint on eath May

Mr. Erwin made complaint on oath May 14, 1902, before the Hon. Uric La Fon-taine, one of the extradition commissioners for the province of Quenec, resident at Montreal, who is given jurisdiction over the whole province of Quebec, charging Messrs. Green and Gaynor with having participated in the color having participated in the crimes of fraud, embezziement and obtaining money under false pretenses, the com-plaint setting out matters in detail, and that such participation was punishable by the laws of both countries.

Regularity of Service.

The report then directs attention to the entire regularity of the service of the writs, arrests of Messrs. Green and Gaynor and their demand for further examination. After this Judge Andrews at Que-bec issued writs of habeas corpus, which were served at night on the jaller at Montreal, who held the men under the extradition commissioner's orders for further proceedings.

On what followed the report says:

"Without notice to the commissioner or to the attorneys representing the Unit.

or to the attorneys representing the Unit-ed States in the proceeding, the Montreal gaoler, who holds his appointment under the provincial authirities, within a few

the provinc. All authirities, within a few minutes after service of the writs upon him conveyed the prisoners by special train back to Quebec.

"In view of the fact that there were other judges at Montreal who exercise habeas corpus powers and in such cases the Canadian laws give a judge in the district of Quebec no authority to bring a prisoner from Montreal on habeas corpus inquiry, it is not believed that the gaoler at Montreal would have adopted gaoler at Montreal would have adopted so extraordinary a course without notice so extraordinary a course without notice to the parties ly interest, except under high official pressure. The attorneys at that time appearing in the proceedings for the fugitives and moving to have done, embraced among others, the of Fitzpatrick, Parent, T. Tadhereau, Roya and Cannon, of which firm the Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, minister of justice for the dominion of Canada is a member. "Of which firm the Hon. S. M. Parent, prime minister for the Province of Que-bec, is a member; of which firm Mr. Cannon, son of the deputy attorney general for the Province of Quebec is a member. "Also Mr. Honore Gervais, law partner of Hon. Mr. Archimbault, attorney gen-eral for the Province of Quebec."

Reviews Motion of Counsel The report next reviews the motion of counsel for the United States to quash the writs of habeas corpus and remand the prisoners in order that the extradition hearing might proceed and the fact that the evening before Justice Andrews was to render his opinion the prisoners atto render his opinion the prisoners at-tempted to drop that proceeding on a claim that it was illegal and through their counsel. Messrs. Fitzpatrick, Par-ent, Roya and Cannon have other writs of habeas corpus Issued to come before Justice Caron, a pudge with concurrent jurisdiction with Justice Andrews, on the ground that tehir custody by the sheriff at Quebec was illegal. Atten-

(Continued on Second Page)



IOWA STREAMS ARE RAGING TORRENTS

FROM INDEFINITE REPORTS RE-CEIVED IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO ESTIMATE THE DAMAGE-CROPS ARE RUINED.

Des Moines, Ia., July 9.-The continued rains have forced nearly all Iowa streams from their banks and the destruction of crops, live stocks and other property is assuming immense proportions.

It is impossible to estimate the damage from the indefinite reports received. The damage is especially extensive in the central, northern and southwestern parts of the State. The valley of the Sloux and Maple rivers are flooded and portions of Woodbury and Monac counties are under water. The Iowa river at Marshallown is the highest since 1881. Many country bridges have been destroyed and traffic between Marshalltown and surrounding points is practically cut off. Cattle and hogs have been drowned in

large numbers in the Iowa valley. At Cedar Rapids the Cedar river is out of its banks and many families have been forced from their homes. Numerous bridges have been swept away in Linn county. The Skunk river and Squaw creek are out of their banks and near their confluence in Storer county thous ands of acres are flooded and crops de

stroyed.

The continuous rains are paralyzing business in Fort Dodge and the railroads are almost out of business. The west end of the city is inundated and families are moving out. The Des Moines river is up six feet at that point. Because of the saturation of all the insulation on the wires, electric power has been shut off and the town is dark. Near Oxford, in Johnson county, in a windstorm last night Jacob Burkhardt was crushed to death by the falling of a barn. Half a dozen barns were dea barn. Half a dozen barns were de-stroyed in the same neighborhood. Near North Liberty the residence of Jacob Nedheiser was wrecked and the family

had a narrow escape. All over Johnson county the storm destroyed wind mills and barns. The damage in the country is estimated at \$50,000

The Paul Jones All Right.

Washington, July 9 .- The navy department has received telegrams from the Union Iron Works and from Lieutenant Lenton of the trial card at San Francisco announcing that the torpedo boat destroyer, Paul Jones, had passed a suc-

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The Weather.

Washington, July 9.-Forecast for Alabama: Showers and thunderstorms, and not so warm Thursday and Friday; light outherly winds, becoming northerly

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diplomatic action.

John Mitchell discusses the strike sitnation and riddles the citizens' alliance. Chicago freight handlers' strike is virtually settled.

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Young man attempts to commit suicide undertaking establishment. Colonel Falkner discusses the railroad Coal miners at meeting of locals ex-

press themselves in favor of ratifying the scale agreed upon by the joint com-Page Six.

Social news of Birmingham. Page Seven. Local and foreign market reports. all, races and general sporting

VISITS DALLAS

WHOLESALE DISTRICT SUFFERS A LOSS OF \$280,000, WITH ABOUT \$200,000 INSURANCE - BURNED FOR TWO HOURS.

Dallas, July 9.-Dallas was again visited by a destructive fire today in the wholesale district, causing a loss of \$280,-000 with about \$200,000 insurance. Fireman Paul Melcher was overcame by

heat, and the fumes of burning drugs, but will recover. The losses follow: Three story building at 262-264 Commerce street, owned by W. G. Scarff, loss ot building \$25,000; insurance \$15,000.

This building was occupied by the Patton-Worsheim Drug Co., loss \$55,000, with insurance of \$25,000; the Texas Drug Company, J. W. Crowdus Drug Company and the H. H. Williams Company, whose combined loss is \$125,000, with insurance of \$112,000.

Archbishop freiand dentropy of truth.

Page Two.

Vatican answers note of Governor Taft

Color land question.

Three story

street, owned by H. L. Edwards, loss
\$13,500, insurance \$8500, occupied by Scarff
and O'Connor with stock of paper valued
at \$15,000, totally destroyed; insurance

Three story building, 256 Commerce street, occupied by Scarff and O'Connor as a paper warehouse. Stock valued at \$5,000 half destroyed by fire and water, insurance \$82,000.

The Santa Fe depot just east of the burned drug and paper house, was slightly desired.

The fire was discovered shortly after coclock this morning and it was two nours before the firemen gained control.

Providence, R. I., July 9.-Hugh Mc-Lean was thrown from his wheel in the ast lap of his 25 mile race with Howard Freeman at the collseum tonight, but trundled his bicycle over the tape and was declared winner by seven laps. He was badly bruised but no bones were broken. In the first mile McLean reduced the world's record from 1:23 1-5 to 1:25 4-5. The 25 miles were made in 36:15 1-5.